



Global Friendship Through Space Education

Astro

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ASTRONAUT ANNA LEE FISHER VISITED SPACE CAMP TURKEY

Astronaut (Dr.) Fisher visited Space Camp Turkey on April 25, 2012 and gave a special presentation to campers.

Astronaut Anna Lee Fisher is a medical doctor. She received a Bachelor of Science in Chemistry, 1971; Master of Science in Chemistry, 1987; and a Doctor of Medicine, 1976; all from the University of California, Los Angeles. Doctor Fisher was selected as an astronaut candidate by NASA in January 1978.

She flew into space on board STS-51A, which launched from Kennedy Space Center, Florida on November 8, 1984.

This was the second flight of the orbiter Discovery. During the mission, the crew deployed the Radiation Monitoring

Equipment (RME) device and the 3M Company's Diffusive Mixing of Organic Solutions (DMOS)

This was the second flight of the orbiter Discovery. During the mission, the crew deployed the Radiation Monitoring Equipment (RME) device and the 3M Company's Diffusive Mixing of Organic Solutions (DMOS) experiment. STS-51A completed 127 orbits of the Earth before landing at Kennedy Space Center, Florida on November 16, 1984. With the completion of her flight, Dr. Fisher logged a total of 192 hours in space.

PSSP students from SEV Primary School (Izmir), Turk College (Izmir) and Denizli Doga College (Denizli) were able to meet Astronaut Fisher.

PSSP STUDENTS POSE WITH ASTRONAUT ANNA FISHER



Astronaut Anna Lee Fisher handed out a specially designed poster to each PSSP school. The poster consists of an American flag which flew in space, her mission patch and shuttle photos.



Seran Dumlu (SEV Primary College) and Astronaut Anna Lee Fisher



Bahar Ergin Faat (Turk College) and Astronaut Anna Lee Fisher



Muge Ibanoglu (Denizli Doga College) and Astronuat Anna Lee Fisher



METEOR OVER CRATER LAKE

Did you see it? One of the more common questions during a meteor shower occurs because the time it takes for a meteor to flash is typically less than the time it takes for a head to turn.

Possibly, though, the glory of seeing [bright meteors](#) shoot across and [knowing that](#) they were once small pebbles on another world might make it all worthwhile, even if your [observing partner\(s\)](#) could not share in every particular experience.

Peaking over the past few days, a dark moonless sky allowed the [Lyrids meteor shower](#) to exhibit as many as 30 visible meteors per hour from some locations. A [bright Lyrid meteor](#) streaks above picturesque [Crater Lake](#) in [Oregon, USA](#), in the [above](#)

[composite](#) of nine exposures taken last week. Snow covers the [foreground](#), while the majestic central band of our home galaxy arches well behind the serene lake.

[Other meteor showers](#) this year include the [Perseids](#) in mid-August and the [Leonids](#) in mid-November, both expected to also dodge the [glare](#) of a bright Moon in 2012.

Image Credit & Copyright: [Brad Goldpaint \(Goldpaint Photography\)](#)
<http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/astropix.html>

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